# **PYTHON TO JAVASCRIPT!!! - PART 1**

Instruction

* You need to complete the **XXXXX** part with the JAVASCRIPT equivalent code
* You can work in team or by yourself –
  + Search on internet
  + or read the **1-Javascript Cheat Sheet.pdf**
  + <https://www.w3schools.com/js/default.asp>
* **IMPORTANT** : you need to test the code before writing it !!!

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|  | **PYTHON** | **JAVASCRIPT** |
| **COMMENTS** | **# this is a comment in python** | SINGLE LINE COMMENT  **//**  MULTI LINE COMMENT  **/\* \*/** |
| **LOOPS** | **for n in range(<NUMBER>) :**  **for n in range (3) :**  print(“hello”)  >hello  >hello  >hello  **for n in range(start, end)**  **for n in range (2,5) :**  print(n)  >2  >3  >4  **for value in array :**  **numbers = [5, 6, 7]**  **for value in numbers :**  print(value)  >5  >6  >7  **while <BOOLEAN>**  x = int(input())  while x != 5:  print (“try again”)  x = int(input()) | **for (let n = 0; n < 3; n ++) {**  **console.log(“Hello”)**  **}**    **For (let n = 2; n < 5; n++){**  **console.log(n)**  }  Let numbers = [5, 6 ,7]  For (let number of numbers){  console.log(number[index])  }  **Let x = true;**  **While (x){ }** |
| **CONDITION** | IF/ ELIF / ELSE :  **if <BOOLEAN>** :  < instructions>  **elif <BOOLEAN>** :  < instructions>  **else** :  < instructions>  if x<5 and y>6 :  result = “monday”  elif x> 10 :  result = “friday”  else:  result = “sunday” | **If ( x < 5 && y > 6 ){**  **Result = ‘monday’**  **}else if (x > 10){**  **Result = “friday”**  **}else {**  **Result = “sunday”**  **}** |
| **OUTPUT** | WRITE ON PYTHON CONSOLE  **print**( **<STRING>** );  print(“ronan the best”) : | WRITE ON BROWSER CONSOLE  **XXXXX**  console.log(“ronan the best”)  WRITE ON HTML DOCUMENT  **XXXXX**  <p>ronan the best</p>  DISPLAY AN ALERT  **XXXXX**  Prompt(“ronan the best”) |
| **NUMBER**  **OPERATORS** | INCREMENT A VARIABLE VALUE  x = 10  x += 1  print(x)  > 11  MODULO  print(10 % 3)  >1  POWER  n1 = 4  n2 = n1 \*\* 2  print(n2)  >16 | INCREMENT A VARIABLE VALUE  Let x = 10  console.write(x + 1)  MODULO  Console.log(10 % 3)  POWER  Let n1 = 4;  Let n2 = n1 \*\* 2;  Console.log(n2) |
| **STRING**  **OPERATORS** | CONCATENATE STRINGS  **<STRING> + <STRING>**  print(“ronan” + “hello”)  >ronanhello  REMOVE THE LAST CHARACTERS:  **<STRING> [: -1 ]**  print(“ronan”[:-2] )  >ron  REMOVE THE FIRST CHARACTERS:  **<STRING> [1: ]**  print(“ronan”[1:] )  >onan  BREAK A LINE  text = **“\n”**  print( “hi**\**nho”)  >hi  >ho  GET NUMBER OF CHARCTERS  count = **len**(<**STRING>)**  print( len(“ronan”) )  >5  GET CHARACTER AT INDEX  char = text[3]  print( “abcd”[1] )  >b  CONVERT A STRING TO A NUMBER  number = **int**(<**STRING>)**  print( int(“4”) + int(“5”))  >9  CHECK IF A STRING IS A NUMBER  booleanVariable= <**STRING>.isNumeric()**  CHANGE A STRING TO UPPERCASE  text = <**STRING>.upper()**  print(“hello”.upper())  >HELLO  CHANGE A STRING TO LOWER CASE  text = <**STRING>.lower()**  print(“HellO”.lower())  >hello | CONCATENATE STRINGS  Console.log(“ronan” + “hello”)  REMOVE THE LAST CHARACTERS:  Console.log(“ronan”.slice(0,-2);  REMOVE THE FIRST CHARACTERS:  Console.log(“ronan”.slice(1);  BREAK A LINE  Console.log(“hi\nho”)  GET NUMBER OF CHARCTERS  word = ronan  console.log(word.lenght)  GET CHARACTER AT INDEX  Let text = “abcd”;  Console.log(text.charAt(1));  Let str = ‘100’;  Let number = Number(str);  Console.log(number);  Let value = ‘’;  If (typeof value === ‘number’){  Console.log(“ture”)  }f  let text = “hello”;  let upper = text.toUpperCase();  Console.log(upper);  let text = “HELLO”;  let lowertext = text.toLowerCase();  Console.log(lowertext); |